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Intellectual Property and Related Rights and Quebec's New Civil Code



Introduction

- The new Civil Code does not purport to create substantive intellectual property rights
- However, intellectual property rights are considered as movable property



Security Interest

- Conventional hypothec (assimilable to a chattel mortgage) may be granted on intellectual property (Art. 2684)
- It is still unclear if Art. 2684 encompasses copyright industrial designs, pending applications, and unregistered trademarks



Trade Secrets

- Article 1612 expressly allows to claim damages including lost profits for wrongfully disclosed trade secrets
- However, Article 1472 exonerates from liability in case of a disclosure made in consideration of general interest and for reasons of public health or safety



Personality Rights

- Personality rights are inalienable according to Article 3 but may be licensed
- Personality rights encompass the use of a person's name, image, likeness or voice for a purpose other than the legitimate information of the public



Relation Between the Charter of the French Language and Trademarks

- Labelling and related matters
 - Every inscription on a product must be in French
 - Other languages may be used but shall not be given greater prominence than in French



Relation Between the Charter of the French Language and Trademarks

Relevant exceptions

- Products intended for incorporation into a finished product
- Products originating outside of Quebec and the inscription is engraved on the product
- Denomination of an exotic product
- A recognized trademark unless a French version has been registered in Canada



Relation Between the Charter of the French Language and Trademarks

Advertising

- Promotional and advertising material shall be in French and French must be markedly predominant
- Exceptions
 - A recognized trademark unless a French version has been registered



Information Technology and the Charter of French Language

- Advertising through a Web site
 - Shall be in French if the company operating the Web site has a place of business in Quebec
 - This rule does not apply if the company has not a place of business in Quebec, but is using and internet service provider located in Quebec
- Software
 - If existing, the French version of a software shall be made available to the public





License Agreements and the New Civil Code of Quebec

- Most license agreements are likely to be considered as contracts of adhesion
- Therefore, external clauses must be expressly brought to the attention of the licensee
- The presumption of nullity of incomprehensible clauses
- Abusive clauses excessively detrimental to the licensee



License Agreements and the New Civil Code of Quebec

- Exclusion or limitation of liability
- Warranty provisions
- Forum selection clauses
- Arbitration clauses
- Electronic signature



License Agreements and the New Civil Code of Quebec

- The concept of good faith in license agreements
 - Application of Emporium Drug Mart (AAA decision rendered on September 2, 2000) in view of a decision of the Court of Appeal in Provigo Distribution vs. Supermarché A.R.G.
 - The doctrine of reasonable expectation of a licensee





Internet and Privacy

- Cookies and Article 36 of the Civil Code of Quebec: « keeping one's private life under observation by any means »
- An Act Respecting the Protection of Personal Information in the Private Sector
- Personal information includes all information which allows to identify a person



Internet and Privacy

- Obligation to inform the person concerned of the collection of information
- Communication to a third party is not allowed without consent
- Exception: nominative lists





ISP's Liability

- Jurisdiction of Quebec Court and the concept of damages suffered in Quebec
- Liability issue still uncertain

